#### **Christmas** CENTURY

The exquisite portrait (in color) of Maude Adams as "Peter Pan."

#### Christmas CENTURY

Secretary Taft's clear and timely article on "The Panama Canal."

#### Christmas CENTURY

Mrs. Burnett's novel "The Shuttle," which is making a sensation.

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Pictures in color and a photogravure, - some of the most striking illustrations ever printed in a magazine.

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Collar and Cuff Portfolios, \$2 to \$6. Cigar Moistening Boxes, \$1.50 to \$5. Desk Blotters, 75c. to \$1.50. Playing Cards and Cases, 50c. to \$2. Lawyers' Brief Bags, \$6.50 to \$10. Watch Fobs, 25c. to \$1.50. Leather Handkerchief Boxes, 75c. to Leather Necktie Boxes, 75c. to \$2. Stickpin Boxes, \$1 to \$5. Traveling Coat Hanger Sets, 75c. to

Traveling Mirrors, 75c. to \$2. Shaving Mirrors, 75c. to \$6. Shaving Sets. \$4 to \$10. Shaving Pads, 50c. to \$2. ever Ready Safety Razers. \$1 Leather Razor Cases, 75c, to \$2.50. Whisk Broom Holders, \$1.25 to \$3.50, Pocket Knives, 25c. to \$3.50. Razor Strops, 25c. to \$2. Pass Cases, 50c. to \$3. imbrella Straps and Shawl Straps,

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Henry F. Miller PIANOS

Perfect in TONE TOUCH and DURABILITY. John F Ellis & Co., 937 Penna. Ave. N.W.

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You cannot be too critical or attach too much importance to the quality of the flour you use. The success of everything you bake depends on good flour—such as

"Ceres" Flour. In your preparations for the Xmas baking be sure to provide a supply of "Ceres" Flour. It embodies in the highest degree the elements of quality, purity and uniformity.

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he will be proud to possess. We have the largest and best stock of pipes in Washington, including the Celebrated "B. B. B." Pipe,

Peterson Pipe,

French Briar Pipes, Imported Meerschaum Pipes.

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—Our cases are all filled with the newest and most artistic 2 display type; -We've an equipment of mod-

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well as thoroughly. —Glad to have you test our 🏅 skill as printers.

Byron S. Adams,



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Cure malaria and -Promote strength.

25c. Sold by all druggists.

ALL MY EXCELLENT STOCK OF HAIR GOODS GREATLY REDUCED FOR HOLIDAY SEASON. \$3.50 and \$4.00 Switches now \$2.50 and \$3.00.

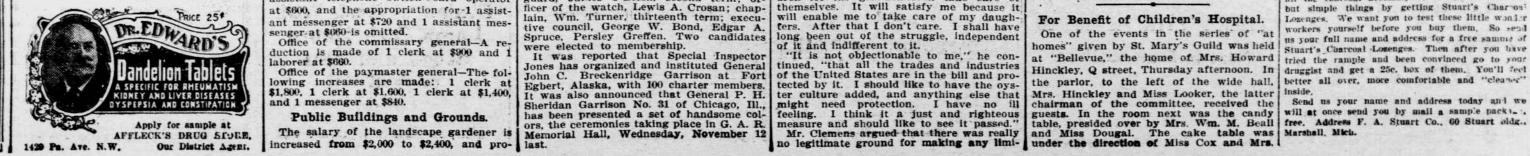
Gray Switches \$4.75 now \$3.00.

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Lee's Hair Medicant, \$1. Restores gray hair to atural color—GUARANTEED, Prevents falling dr. airdressing, Shampooing, Dyeing and Bleaching

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# MORE CLERKS IN THE DEPARTMENT

Legislative, Executive and Judicial Bill Reported.

CARRIES \$31,215,525

Reduction of \$685,842 From the Esti-

INCREASE OVER CURRENT LAW

Public Printer's Salary Increased-Simplified Spelling Discarded in Congressional Document.

The legislative, executive and judic'al bill, reported to the House yesterday, earries an appropriation of \$31,215,525, which is \$685,842 less than the estimates made for the legislative, judicial and executive departments of the government. The appropriation for the same purposes for the current fiscal year aggregated \$30,168,485. The entire number of salaries carried in the bill favorably reported yesterday is 14.727, or 202 less than included in the estimates for this year and 29 more than provided

for the current year. An increase from \$1,200 to \$1,400 is made in the allowance to members of the House for clerk hire, and the requirement that members certify they have spent this amount is omitted. The appropriation for miscellaneous expenses for the Senate is cut from \$100,000 to \$50,000. Two additional clerks at \$1,800 each are granted to the State Department. Public Printer Stillings' salary is raised from \$4,500 to \$6,000. The salary of the secretary to the Speaker is increased from \$3,000 to \$4,000.

The specific changes in the number or grade of officers or employes of the government and their rate of compensation as compared with the current law and without reference to transfers from one bureau to another recommended in the bill are as follows:

Senate. The bill appropriates for officers, clerks and other employes in the service of the Senate in the same terms as the law for the current year, except that for session employes the usual increase is made, growing out of the longer term of their employment during the ensuing session as com-pared with the present short session of

Congress.

The appropriation for miscellaneous expenses, including personal services for the Senate, is reduced from \$100,000 to \$50,000. being the same amount as is recom for like expenses of the House.

Capitol Police.

Two special officers at \$1,200 each are provided for in lieu of two privates at \$1,050

House of Representatives. Office of the Speaker .- The salary of the secretary to the Speaker is increased from

\$3,000 to \$4,000. Office of the clerk .- The salary of the chief clerk is increased from \$3,900 to

The salaries of the deputy sergeant-atarms in charge of pairs and of the clerk in charge of pairs are increased from \$1,400 to \$1,600 each.
The additional compensation to the special chief page in charge of pairs is in-creased from \$500 to \$700.

The allowance to members and delegates for clerk hire necessarily employed by them in the discharge of their official and representative duties is increased from \$1,209 to \$1,500 per annum, and the requirement that ed gems. They represent have paid or agreed to pay said sum is what's best in quality and comitted from the terms of the appropria-

Government Printing Office. The salary of the public printer is increased from \$4,500 to \$6,000; a deputy public printer, who shall perform the duties of the chief clerk and have supervision of buildings, is authorized at \$3,600 instead of a chief clerk at \$2,750; the salary of the clerk in charge of the Congressional Rec-ord at the Capitol is increased from \$2,000 to \$2,500, and, in accordance with a pro-vision of law enacted in the last legislative, etc., appropriation act, specific appropriations are made for certain other employes in the government printing office, who are now authorized and being paid from the general appropriation for public

printing and binding. Library of Congress. The salaries of three assistants in charge, respectively, of binding, bibliography and the Smithsonian deposit are increased from \$1,200 to \$1,500 each, and in the superintendent's office a reduction is made of

2 watchmen, at \$720 each; and 2 additional check boys, at \$360 each, are provided for. Executive Office. An additional clerk at \$1,400 is author

Department of State.

Two clerks at \$1,800 each, 4 clerks at \$1,600 each, 2 clerks at \$1,400 each, 2 clerks at \$1,200 each, 4 clerks at \$1,000 each, 2 messengers at \$840 each, and 1 assistant telephone switchboard operator at

Treasury Department.

Division of bookkeeping and warrants. One additional clerk at \$1,600 and 1 additional clerk at \$1,400 are provided for. Division of customs.-The salary of the chief of division is increased from \$2,750

to \$3,000. Division of public moneys.-The salary of the chief of division is increased from \$2,500 to \$3,000, and provision is made for 1

additional clerk at \$1,600. Division of loans and currency.-Five additional paper counters and laborers at \$620 each are provided for.

Office of disbursing clerk .- One clerk at \$1,600 instead of a clerk at \$1,400 is provided for.
Office of the auditor for the Post Office Department.—An increase is recommended of four clerks at \$1,800 each, 2 clerks at \$1,600 each, 15 operatives or counters at \$720 each, and 15 operatives or counters at

Office of the controller of the currency. Three additional counters at \$660 each and 2 additional messenger boys at \$360 each are provided for; and in the force employed in connection with the national currency, the salary of the superintendent is increased from \$2,200 to \$2,500, and provision is made for 3 additional counters at \$660 each and 1 messenger boy at \$360.

Bureau of engraving and printing.—An increase is recommended of 2 clerks at \$1,200 each; 6 clerks at \$780 each, 1 assistant messenger at \$720, and 5 laborers Secret service division.—An assistant chief, who shall discharge the duties of a chief clerk, at \$3,000, is provided for, instead of a chief clerk at \$2,500.

War Department.

Office of the Secretary-Provision is made for a stenographer for the Secretary at \$1,800, for 3 additional clerks at \$1,200 each, 1 telephone switch-board operator at \$720, 1 assistant telephone switch- oard operator at \$600, and the appropriation for 1 assistant messenger at \$720 and 1 assistant messenger at \$000-is omitted.
Office of the commissary general—A reduction is made of 1 clerk at \$900 and

Office of the paymaster general—The following increases are made: 1 clerk at \$1,800, 1 clerk at \$1,400,

vision is made for 5 additional watchmen at \$720 each for service in the parks of the

State, War and Navy Department

Building. The salaries of 1 machinist, 1 painter, and plumber are increased from \$900 to \$1,000. Hearing by Joint Congressional Provision is made for additional employe as follows: 3 dynamo tenders at \$900 each, 3 skilled laborers at \$840 each, 1 messenge at \$840, and 1 foreman of laborers at \$840 and appropriations for the following are omitted: 3 assistant engineers at \$1,000 each, 9 watchmen at \$720 each, 1 machinist at \$900, 19 firemen at \$720 each, and 1 la-borer at \$660.

Navy Department. Office of the Secretary-An additional stenographer at \$1,200 and one assistant

telephone switchboard operator at \$600 are provided for.

Bureau of navigation-An increase is rec ommended of 1 clerk at \$1,800, 1 clerk at \$1,600, 1 clerk at \$1,400, 2 clerks at \$1,200 each, 2 clerks at \$1,000 each, and 1 copyist at \$900; and 3 copyists at \$720 each are mitted.

Hydrographic office.—An editor of Notice to Mariners, at \$1,600, instead of a computer, at \$1.400, is recommended. The salaries of 3 apprentice draftsmen are in-creased from \$600 to \$700 each, 1 apprentice engraver from \$600 to \$700, 2 plate printers from \$800 to \$900 each, 1 plate printer from \$700 to \$800, 1 apprentice plate printer from \$600 to \$700, 1 apprentice from \$500 to \$600, and 1 apprentice litho grapher from \$600 to \$700; and one drafts-man at \$720 is omitted. Bureau of ordnance.—Provision is made for 1 additional clerk at \$1,600, 1 additional

clerk at \$1,200, and 2 messenger boys at \$400 each. Bureau of supplies and accounts.—An increase is recommended of 1 clerk at \$1,400,

2 clerks at \$1,000 each and 1 assistant mes-senger at \$720; and 1 clerk at \$1,300 is omit-

Department of the Interior.

Office of the Secretary.-A reduction is made of 13 members of the board of pension appeals at \$2,000 each, and the salary of the engineer in charge of the old post office building is increased from \$1,400 to \$1,600. Indian office.-The salary of 1 clerk to the superintendent of Indian schools is in-creased from \$1,000 to \$1,200. Pension office.—A reduction is made of 35 clerks at \$1,400 each, and 35 clerks at \$1,200

Patent office.-The following increase is recommended: One principal examiner at \$2,500, 3 first examiners at \$1,800 each, 3 second assistant examiners at \$1,600 each, 3 third assistant examiners at \$1,400 each, 3 fourth assistant examiners at \$1,200 each and 10 permanent clerks at \$1,000 each; the sentatives of every class of people who are in any manner affected by the prosalary of the chief of division in charge of the Official Gazette is increased from \$2,000 to \$2,250; and appropriations for 5 model attendants at \$1,000 each and 10 model attendants at \$800 each are omitted. Bureau of education.—The salary of the

chief clerk is increased from \$1,900 to had been given permission by the librarian \$2,000; I skilled laborer and I messenger of Congress to go over the correspondence at \$840 each are provided for, instead of 2 laborers at \$660 each.

Post Office Department. Office of the Postmaster General.-An in rease is made of 1 clerk at \$1,200, 2 clerks at \$1,000 each, 1 clerk at \$900, 1 assistant telephone switch-board operator at \$600, 3 firemen at \$720 each, 2 carpenters at \$900 each, and 8 charwomen at \$240 each. Division of post office inspectors.—An increase is recommended of 1 clerk at \$1,600,

crease is recommended of 1 clerk at \$1,600, 1 clerk at \$1,200, 1 clerk at \$900, and 1 assistant messenger at \$720, and appropriations are omitted of \$360 for 1 page and \$660 for 1 laborer. Office of the first assistant postmaster general.—The division of appointments and division of bonds and commissions are consolidated under a superintendent at \$3,000. Office of the second assistant postmaster general.—An increase is made of 4 clerks at

\$1,400 each, 4 clerks at \$1,200 each, and 1 Division of railway mail service.-This division, with 25 employes and salaries amounting to \$38,500, is transferred from post office appropriation bill on the Office of the third assistant postmaster general.—An increase is recommended of 5 clerks at \$1,400 each, 2 clerks at \$1,200 each, 3 clerks at \$1,000 each, 9 clerks at \$900 each, and appropriations are omitted for 6 clerks at \$840 each and one clerk at

Division of money orders.—An increase is recommended of 5 clerks at \$900 each. Division of dead letters.—An increase is recommended of 5 clerks at \$1,000 each and one assistant messenger at \$720.

Division of supplies.—An increase is made of 1 clerk at \$1,000 and 1 clerk at \$900. Division of topography.—An increase is recommended of 1 skilled draftsman at \$1,400, 5 copyists of maps at \$1,000, and 7 copyists of maps at \$900 each; and appro-

priations are omitted for 1 clerk at \$1,400, 3 clerks at \$1,000 each and 6 clerks at \$900

Department of Justice. An increase is made of 1 librarian at \$1,600 in lieu of a clerk at \$1,200; 1 additional clerk at \$1,200 is provided for, and the salary of 1 packer is increased from

Department of Commerce and Labor. Office of the Secretary .- An increase is made of 1 packer at \$840 and 1 watchman at \$720: the salary of the disbursing clerk is increased from \$2500 to \$2,750, and appropriations are omitted for 1 assistant engineer at \$720, 2 skilled laborers at \$720

each and 3 laborers at \$660 each. The appropriation of \$50,000 for special agents to investigate trade conditions

abroad is omitted. Bureau of corporations.—An increase is recommended of 2 clerks at \$1,200 each, 4 clerks at \$1,000 each, 2 copyists at \$900 each, 2 clerks at \$840 each, 2 clerks at \$720 each and 1 messenger boy at \$480. For compensation and per diem of special attorneys, special examiners and special

agents the appropriation is increased from \$125,000 to \$175,000. Bureau of manufactures.—An increase is proposed of 1 stenographer at \$1,400, 1 clerk at \$1,400, 3 clerks at \$900 each and 1 killed laborer at \$720. Census office.-An increase is proposed of

4 messenger boys at \$480 each, and appropriations are omitted for 6 clerks at \$1,000 each, 2 clerks at \$900 each, 1 skilled laborer at \$900, 1 messenger at \$840, 5 assistant messengers at \$720, 1 skilled laborer at \$720 and 1 unskilled laborer at \$720. The appropriation for securing informa-tion for census reports is increased from

\$250,000 to \$400,000. Bureau of statistics-An increase is proposed of 2 clerks at \$1,000 each and 2 copyists at \$900 each.

Bureau of navigation—An increase is proposed of 1 clerk at \$1,800, 1 cle. at \$1,400, and 2 clerks at \$1,000 each, and the number of clerks at \$900 each is reduced from 9 to 5. Bureau of immigration and naturaliza-tion-An assistant commissioner general, who shall act as clerk and actuary, at \$3,000, is recommended instead of a chief clerk and actuary at \$2,750, and an increase

and 1 copyist at \$9.0. Bureau of standards—An increase is recommended of 1 associate physicist at \$2,200, 1 associate physicist at \$2,000, 1 assistant physicist at \$1,600, 1 aid at \$720, 1 clerk at \$1,000, 1 messenger at \$480, 1 skilled laborer at \$720, 1 assistant engineer at \$1,200, and

Court of Ciaims. An increase is recommended of 1 clerk at \$1,200, 1 assistant messenger at \$720, and for a custodian of the building at \$500.

Regular Army and Navy Union. At a meeting of General Wm. F. Barry Garrison No. 30, regular army and navy union, held Wednesday at the hall, 719 6th street northwest, the following were nominated as officers to serve for the year mously for the twelfth term; senior vice commander, Patrick J. Farrell; junior vice ommander, Wm. T. Kerns; adjutant, Wm. M. Linch, third term; officer of the day, Olie Rose, second term; officer of the guard, James O'Brien, second term; of-ficer of the watch, Lewis A. Crosan; chap-

ficer of the watch, Lewis A. Crosan; chap-lain, Wm. Turner, thirteenth term; execu-tive council, George W. Bond, Edgar A. Spruce, Persley Greffen. Two candidates were elected to membership. It was reported that Special Inspector Jones has organized and instituted General John C. Breckenridge Garrison at Fort

Commission.

MR. HEDGELAND'S CHARGES

Declares Measure Will Result in a Monopoly.

MUSIC

Mark Twain Brings to Close With Laughter a Day of Argu-

The hearing of the congressional joint ommission, in charge of the proposed copyright bill, held at the Library of Congress yesterday was opened in a very breezy manner by Mr. Frederick W. Hedgeland of Chicago, an inventor of musical instruments, who claimed that there has been some talk of manipulation in the framing of the proposed copyright bill by which it the laws of England and America do take had been dominated by the influence of the American Publishers' Association. He claimall talk handsomely of the literature of ed this influence had been exerted in behalf of the provision now in the bill for copyrighting reproductions of songs and other music by the phonograph or other methods. He asserted that the Aeoleon Company of New York had already brought up the right to such reproductions in several instances, their contracts to go into effect as soon as this bill becomes a law. By that method, he declared, a monopoly would be thrust upon the country.

The joint meeting of the Senate and House committee was presided over by Senator Kittredge of the Senate committee and Representative Currier of the House committee. There was a large attendance of members of these committees, as well as

posed copyright legislation. Mr. Hedgeland's Testimony.

of publishers, artists, authors and repre

Mr. Hedgeland's testimony was the chief feature of the morning. He said that he had been given permission by the librarian and files at the library relating to copyright legislation and he had discovered no letter of any composer asking for the protection of his composition that might be rendered by any mechanical device such as the phonograph. He had deduced from the information gathered in this investigation that this demand for legislation did not proceed from composers, but came from the Aeoleon Company, through the Musical Publishers' Association, the Aeoleon Company wishing to monopolize the reproduction of popular music.

Mr Hedgeland went into this matter wit considerable detail, and the inference was drawn from his remarks that there had been some sort of a conspiracy entered into by which a monopoly was to be established t the detriment of competing firms. In reply to questions, he said he had no complaint to make of the lack of opportunity to be heard after the congressional committee took it up, but he did complain of the treatment that had been given the matter in its earlier stages which led up to the framing of the bill now before the committee.
"Of course," remarked Representative

Currier, "you know that no members of Congress were consulted or knew about the bill until it was recently laid be-fore them." Mr. Hedgeland said that the contract for the conticl of these musical productions had been male to cover thirty-five years be-tween the Publishers' Musical Association

city, by which exclusive rights were given Mr. Putnam's Statement.

As soon as Mr. Hedgeland took his seat Mr. Herbert Putnam, librarian of Congress, arose and commented at some length upon the charge of unfairness that had been made. Mr. Putnam, in a humorous manner, proceeded to state that he himself could recall dozens of instances of things bill was begun to indicate that a conspiracy of some kind existed. He went on to say that this same matter had been fully set forth by Mr. Hedgeland in a communica-tion which he had sent to the President of the United States and also to the Musical Age. Mr. Putnam said that he had replied to Mr. Hedgeland's communication to the President, but that he had taken no notice

of the periodical publication. "When we began to frame a copyright bill," said Mr. Putnam, "one thing was sure the moment we took it up, and that was that we should suffer a loss of credit as the result of the conflicting opinions in volved in the framing of such a measure The bill permits legal monopolies, and monopolies are not popular now. Interests authors, publishers, artists, etc., are op-posed to this bill and will criticise us. On the other hand, those who receive favors will not be filled with enthusiasm because they may not get all they desired."

Mr. Hengeland will include in his testimony a detailed statement concerning va-rious events which he looks upon as suspicious and as indicating some sort of conspiracy to secure a monopoly of the repro

duction of popular music by mechanical process actually existing. One of the interested spectators who desires to have such protection was Mr. John Philip Sousa. Mr. Charles E. Burton of Chicago, a man

ufucturer of musical instruments, explained various details of the amendment he proses to the bill.

London Prejudice. Mr. George W. Ogilvie said that England is filled with pirates, who publish American books without placing the American copyright on them and ship them back to this country for sale. This publication, when complete, made from type set in America, he said, was legal. He asserted

that this omission of the American copy

right was in the interest of prejudice

against American books.
"The prejudice in London." said Mr. Ogilvie, "Is so strong that when I was in business there as a publisher I had to hire an ness there as a publisher? I had to hire an Englishman to look after my front office, because of my American pronunciation."

Mr. Johnson, representing the Harpers, remarked laughingly that he did not regard Mr. Ogilvie's deductions as sound. He said the American copyright mark was left off the books simply because it was not cus-tomary in England to put such marks on their books. He said some of the Harper publications that had been reprinted in London were without the American copyright mark simply because of this English custom

of not putting on such things. Mark Twain's Argument.

Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) brought to a close with laughter a day of argumentative strife over the terms of the copyright bill. He followed a brief statement by Rev. Edward Everett Hale, chaplain of the Senate. Mr. Clemens commented on the impossibility of understanding the legal phraseology of the copyright bill and said he allowed all credit to "the trained legislators" who were wrestling with it. 'I am particularly interested in the sion from the present limit of the life of copyright from forty-two years, to the life of the author and fifty years thereafter. I dren-let the grandchildren take care of themselves. It will satisfy me because it will enable me to take care of my daugh-fers. After that I don't care. I shall have long been out of the struggle, independent of it and indifferent to it.
"It is not objectionable to me," he continued, "that all the trades and industries of the United States are in the bill and proUnloads the Liver, Opens the Bowels, Relieves the Kidneys.

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tation to the life of a copyright. "But," he added, "I understand it must have a limit because that is required by the Constitution of the United States, which sets aside that prior constitution we call the decalogue. The decalogue says you shall not take away from any man his property— I will not use that harsher word-

the land, then they turn around to crush The expiration of a copyright, he public, but to the publishers who live for-

joy from generation to generation these illgotten gains."
Mr. Clemens added: "My copyrights pro duce to me a great deal more money than I can spend. However, if I did not have them I could take care of myself. I know half a dozen trades, and if those ran out I could invent half a dozen others. But, for my daughters, I hope Congress will extend to them the charity which they have failed to get from me." "You cannot name twenty persons in the whole United States," he declared, "who in the past one hundred years have produced books which have outlived the copyright limit."

Richard R. Bowker, vice president and Robert Underwood Johnson, secretary of the American Copyright League, advocated

a bill, as did Thomas Nelson Page, the author; F. D. C. Millet, the artist, and W. A. Livingston, representing the print pub-MARK TWAIN IN WHITE.

Made a Picturesque Figure at the Capitol. Samuel L. Clemens, who travels under the alfas of Mark Twain, was a visitor at the Capitol yesterday, and hung around under the dome for quite a spell, smoking and chinning and having a good time generally. Mr. Clemens wore a white flannel suit, and looked as if he had been wandering around road, thereby insuring a regular and more the leland of Jamaica or playing down on frequent patrol of that section. the isthmus, and had just dropped in on Washington between drinks. Everybody who saw Mr. Clemens had a sudden chill, but the famous humorist seemed rather to enjoy the sartorial sensation he created. Somebody asked him about the white suit,

and Mr. Clemens replied:
"The human skin is the only truly comfortable garment, but as the weather for-bids an appearance in a birthday suit just anybody. My underclothes are heavy, and this suit isn't as light in weight as it is in

"Clothes are a matter of choice, anyhow. lot of men in evening dress they always remind me of a lot of crows sitting in a row on the barnyard fence and thinking and the Aeoleon Company of New York over their troubles. I have always admired light colors—the colors women wear—and of late years I have been indulging my

> Mark Twain is in Washington on the allabsorbing subject of copyrights. He will be an important witness before the joint committee, which is meeting at the Congressional Library. Interest centered about the Speaker's gallery during the House session, and mem-bers temporarily forgot the business of legislation to gaze upon the picturesque figure of the author, who held quite a levee

in the gallery, chaperoned by to speaker's secretary.

Evening.

A meeting of the Brookland Citizens' As-

BROOKLAND CITIZENS. Meeting of Association Held Last

sociation was held last evening at Town Hall, Brookland. Mr. A. F. Kinnan pre-It was reported that the Commissioners that are affected by the monopoly given to had granted a hearing on the matter of Baltimore and Ohio railroad tracks. The association, after being informed of the cost of the same, decided that it would be too expensive, and recommended that the Commissioners be asked to drop the matter. The secretary was instructed to com-

municate with Commissioner West and in-vite him to deliver an address on "Greater Washington" before the association during the winter.
Mr. E. C. Ford, secretary of the association, tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and Mr. M. M. McLean was elected in his place. Mr. Ford stated that he had removed his residence from Brookland and it would be impossible for him to attend the meetings. Mr. W. H. Hathaway,

Sample Package Mailed Free. chairman of the committee on lights and mails, also resigned. Mr. C. B. Judge was elected to the vacancy.

A resolution was adopted asking Congress for an appropriation for the proposed new bridge across the railroad tracks just south of Michigan avenue.

#### ENTERS UPON INQUIRY. President Gompers of A. F. of L. In-

vestigating Marine Council. A quiet but thorough investigation is beto Congress by a number of labor un.ons that are affiliated with the federation favoring the passage of the ship subsidy bill President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor left this city Thursday and his destination and the purpose of his trip are somewhat of a mystery. although a labor leader gave it as his opinion that Mr. Gompers had gone to New York to investigate the so-called Marine

The council, it is alleged, promulgated a circular among the labor unions of the United States requesting them to memorialize Congress in the interest of the ship subsidy bill. While these petitions were being circulated for signatures the American Federation of Labor, in annual session at Minneapolis, passed resolutions condemning the ship subsidy measure, as it was stated to be against the best interests of organized labor. It is the belief of Mr. Frank Morrison.

secretary of the American Federation of Labor, and other officials of organized labor that the Marine Council is composed only of a few interested persons who desire the passage of the bill for ulterior reasons, and that as a matter of fact the workingmen of this country are opposed to the pas-

For Benefit of Children's Hospital.

One of the events in the series of "at homes" given by St. Mary's Guild was held Hinckley, Q street, Thursday afternoon. In

J. Wilmer Latimer. In the dining room, to the right of the hall, refreshments were served by Mrs. George T. Dunlop and Mrs Green.

Green.

The Guild committee was composed of Mrs. Howard Hinckley, Miss Looker (chairman), Mrs. Wm. M. Beall, Miss Dougal, Mrs. J. Wilmer Latimer. Mrs. Roche, Miss Kreidler, Miss Hooper, Mrs. Chas. Hume, Mrs. Winship and Miss Marbury.

Among those who assisted in receiving were Mrs. George T. Dunlop, Mrs. Albert E. S. Green, Mrs. John Kurtz, Miss Francis Dodge, Miss De Lashmutt, Miss Norwood. Dodge, Miss De Lashmutt, Miss Norwood Miss Emily Graves, Miss Julia Smoot and the Misses Du Bose.

GARFIELD CITIZENS MEET. Reports of Committees Presented to

Association

A meeting of the Garfield Citizens' Asso clation was held at Garfield Hall the even ing of the 5th instant, when the reports of the several committees were received and acted upon. The committee having in charge the question of securing fire pro tection for that section was directed to present to the association at its January meeting a recommendation regarding suitable apparatus with approximate cos of same.

The committee on schools reported that two vehicles were in operation for the transportation to and from the kindergarten for the small children in attendance and that the enrollment had been thereby materially increased.

The streets and lights committee reported that recent advices from the Commissioners regarding the temporary repair of Ainger avenue was to the effect that they had the matter under consideration. It was reported by the committee on police protec-tion that the turn-in box recently asked for had been placed in Garfield at the intersection of Ainger avenue and Hamilton For the accommodation of a majority of the membership the regular meeting date

Seven citizens were admitted to member-

was changed to the second Tuesday in each month, beginning with the January meet-

Parents' Meeting at Birney School. A meeting of parents was held at the now. I think an old man of seventy-old be permitted to wear white if he wants to. You may not believe it, and I may not look it, but I am just as warm as and addresses were made by Dr. W. S. and addresses were made by Dr. W. Montgomery, assistant superintendent schools; Miss E. F. G. Merrit, Rev. W. Matthews, Rev. Mr. Warner, Mr. Anderson president of the Hillsdale Citizens' Association, and a number of the parents of the children who attend the school. Th assembling of the parents began at 2 o'clock, and from that hour until 3 o'clock conference was held with the teachers of the various classes and the written work

of the pupils was inspected by parents. From 3 to 4 o'clock addresses after which chocolate and wafers were served to those present. Among the subjects discussed were regular attendance

punctuality, street conduct and moral and industrial training. Colored Men's Branch Y. M. C. A. The committee on mass meetings of the Colored Y. M. C. A. has prepared a special program for the big meeting tomorrow at 3:30 p.m. in the True Reformers' Hall, corner 12th and U streets northwest. Mr. W. A. Hunton of Atlanta, Ga., international secretary, will address the meeting. The delegates from the Asheville (N. C.) Y. M. C. A. conference will be present and make their report. Prof. John T. Layton will

## lead the singing. All men will be welcome. Charcoal Kills

Bad Breath. Disagreeable Odor Arising from Indigestion or from Any Habit or Indulgence, Can Be

Instantly Stopped.

Other people notice your bad breath where you are talking, give them a whiff or two of your bad breath. It usually comes from food fermenting on your stomach. Sometimes you have it in the morning-that awful sour, billious, bad breath. You can stop that at once by swallowing one or two Stuart Charcoal Lozenges, the most powerful gas and odor absorbers ever prepared.

our breath to those who talk with you. "You've and all of a sudden you belch in the face of you friend. Charcoal is a wonderful absorber of odors coal Lozenges are so quick to stop all gases and odors of odorous foods, or gas from indigestion, Don't use breath perfumes. They never conceal the odor, and never absorb the gas that causes the the reason for their use. Stuart's Charcoal Lozen ges in the first place stop for good all sour ora h fresh and sweet, just after you've eaten. They no breathe or talk; your breath will be pure and fresh and besides your food will taste so much bette:

Charcoal does other wonderful things, too. It carries away from your stomach and intestine all the impurities there massed together and via ca cause the bad breath. Charcoal is a purifier a well as an absorber. Charcoal is now by far the best,

and mild laxative known. A whole boxful will do no harm; in fact, the more you take the bette Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges are made of pure wh low charcoal and mixed with just a faint flavor of honey to make them palatable for you, but not too sweet. You just chew them like candy. They are

Get a new, pure, sweet breath, freshen your stomach for your next meal, and keep the intestines in good working order. These two things are the secret of good health and long life. You can get all the charcoal necessary to do these wonderful but simple things by getting Stuart's Charcon workers yourself before you buy them. So send us your full name and address for a free samme of Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges. Then after you have at "Bellevue," the home of Mrs. Howard tried the rample and been convinced go to your druggist and get a 25c. box of them. You'll feel the parlor, to the left of the wide hall, better all over, more comfortable and "cleaner"